BURNING

Burning of garbage, grass, buildings, etc. is prohibited in the Town of Luxemburg without a permit. If you are planning on doing a burn. You must call the Town Chairman. Several residents have not called in for a permit.

Because of this, the Sheriff's Department is requesting that towns issue a code to anyone requesting a burn. What does that mean?

You will need to call the Chair (920.536.0385) 24 hours ahead of time. She will give you a key phrase/word. When you call dispatch, they will ask you for this code. If you do not have the code, they will inform you that you need to call the chair.

Dena

State of Wisconsin

Department of Natural Resources in cooperation with local municipalities.

FURNISHED BY:

Municipality of LUXEMBURG		
County of KEWAUNEE		

BURNING PERMIT

In case of escaped fire, call 911

Notice: Under TOWN OF LUXEMBURG	,(local law or or	dinance) individuals are required to	complete this form and obtain a
permit for open burning. Personally identifiable	information will be	used for administering the burning	permit program and may also be used
for law enforcement purposes.			
	of		(Address)
Is hereby authorized to set fire on land owned		her limited under the following re-	strictions: (Yudicss)
This permit is good from:thru	: Hou	ars when burning allowed: 7:00	AM to 5:00 PM
1. Only clean untreated wood, clean "non-rec materials is strongly encouraged. Burning sho	cyclable" paper produ uld be your last alter	acts and vegetation may be burned. native.	Recycling and composting of those
2. Burning of plastic, recyclable paper, and cany kind (barns, sheds, homes, etc.) is illegal.			ber or oily substances, or structures of
3. Fire must be attended at all times and be to			
4. You must also comply with local ordinanc	es, which may be mo	ore restrictive than state law.	
5. Open burning of any waste generated by b	usinesses and comme	ercial entities is not allowed under	the conditions of this permit.
Additional Restrictions: You must also call	County dispatch an	d inform them that you will be b	urning.
If your fire gets away, you may be held lis all damages caused by the fire.			-
I understand this permit is invalidated up authorized by this permit, and may be ca	oon violation of any nceled when deeme	of it's restrictions, or upon the b d necessary.	urning of material not
		Linda Jonet, Chairperson	
Permittee Signature F	hone Number	Local Official:	Date Issued

Additional Restrictions:

- Special Permits for large quantities, all day permits, permits sought by commercial contractors and broadcast burns exceeding the local maximum size limit, need to be issued by the local official or their designee.
- Don't burn without fire fighting tools such as a shovel, rake and water hose or buckets of water at the site of the burn.
- A non-combustible firebreak of 5 feet should surround the material to be burned.
- Don't burn if the wind is stronger than 8 miles per hour or if the weather forecast indicates the wind will increase during the time you burn.
- Keep the size of your fire small. If you have a larger pile of brush or other materials to burn, consider starting a separate fire and putting the material on a little bit at a time. It may take a little longer, but it is safer.
- Don't ever leave your fire unattended, even for a brief period of time! When you are done burning make sure the fire is completely out before leaving the scene.
- Fire can hold over in roots, stumps or other material and be rekindled at a later time. If that happens, you may be responsible for any costs or damage. Even if you have taken all the necessary precautions, check the site several times a day for several days after burning, just to be sure. There have been instances of fires smoldering for up to a month after they were supposedly put out.
- Be smoke considerate! Think about how your smoke will affect others and know where your smoke will go before you begin burning!

Why is a burning permit required?

Burning permits are required to regulate the open burning of materials during times when a forest fire hazard exists and to provide the local fire suppression organization with a method of determining which fires are authorized and which ones may be a forest fire.

What are the risks of burning?

You may be found guilty of either civil or criminal charges when burning in violation of Wisconsin laws and/or local ordinances. In addition, if your fire escapes and becomes a forest fire, you may be liable for all costs of extinguishing the fire and, in civil action, may be liable for any property damaged or destroyed.

REMEMBER

Only you can prevent wildfires!